

LVD Technical Construction File

For

Zhejiang Wandu Plastic Co.,Ltd.

Cable tie

Model:

 $\begin{array}{c} 1.9 \times (60\text{-}200), 2.5 \times (80\text{-}300), 3.6 \times (100\text{-}500), 4.6 \times (100\text{-}1500), 4.8 \times (120\text{-}720), 5.2 \times (150\text{-}500), 7.2 \times (100\text{-}1500), 7.6 \times (150\text{-}800), 7.9 \times (150\text{-}2000), 9.0 \times (300\text{-}1500), 10 \times (150\text{-}2000), 12 \times (150\text{-}2000), 16 \times (250\text{-}2000), 19 \times (300\text{-}2500), 20 \times (300\text{-}2500), 20 \times (300\text{-}2500) \end{array}$

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TEST REPORT DECLARATION

Applicant	:	Zhejiang Wandu Plastic Co.,Ltd.
Address	:	Wanglin Village, Beibaixiang Town, Yueqing City, Zhejiang Province, China.
Manufacturer	:	Zhejiang Wandu Plastic Co.,Ltd.
Address	:	Wanglin Village, Beibaixiang Town, Yueqing City, Zhejiang Province, China.
EUT Description	:	Cable tie
Model No.	:	4.8×300
Remark	:	N/A

Test Procedure Used: EN IEC 62275:2019

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The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report.

Date of Test : Dec.06, 2023

Prepared by (Jack) Checked b (Gina) Approved by : (Johnson)



	EN IEC 62275:2019				
Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict		
1	Scope		Р		
	This International Standard specifies		Р		
	requirements for metallic, non-metallic and				
	composite cable ties and their associated fixing				
	devices used for the management and support of				
	wiring systems in electrical installations. Cable				
	ties and associated fixing devices may also be				
	suitable for other applications and where so used,				
	regard should be taken of any additional				
	requirements. This standard does not contain				
	requirements that evaluate any electrical				
	insulation properties of the cable tie or				
	mechanical protection of the cables provided by				
	the cable tie. This standard does not consider the				
	mechanical interface of a fixing device to a solid				
	surface such as a wall or ceiling.				
2	Normative references		Р		
	The following documents in whole or in part, are		P		
	normatively referenced in this document and are		-		
	indispensable for its application. For dated				
	references only the edition cited applies. For				
	undated references, the latest edition of the				
	referenced document (including any amendments)				
	annies				
3	Terms and definitions		P		
5	For the purposes of this document, the following		I D		
	torms and definitions apply		1		
4	Ceneral requirements		D		
4	A set la fie and a fining desire shall with stand the		r D		
	A cable the and a fixing device shall withstand the		P		
	installation practice and perform under the				
	conditions of classifications in Clause 6 as				
	declared by the manufacturer.				
	Compliance is checked by carrying out all the				
	appropriate specified tests.				
5	General notes on tests		Р		
	5.1		Р		
	Tests according to this standard are type tests.				
	Unless otherwise specified, tests are carried out				
	devices where available installed as in normal				
	use according to the manufacturer's instructions				
	The sample sets selected for testing from each				



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Clause	Requirement-Test	:	Result-l	Remark	Verdict
	product type is representative of th the range (example: shortest and lo minimum performance level obtain extreme is determined to be represe entire range. Consideration is giv construction variations that can be inspection to have no effect on perf when determining product types. 5.2 Unless otherwise specified, tests of and composite components shall co the samples have been remove packaging and then stabilised at a	e extremes of ongest), and the ned for either entative of the ven to minor determined by formance, on non-metallic ommence when ed from their temperature of			Р
	(23 ± 5) °C and at a relative h \pm 5) % for a period as indicated in	umidity of (50			
	± 5) %, for a period as indicated in Table 1 Table 1 – Stabilisation time for samples				
	Reference thickness (RT) of the device mm	Stabilizat	ion time ys		
	RT ≤ 1,2	7 ±	1		
	1,2 < RT ≤ 1,4	21_	0 -7		
	1,4 < RT	35	0 -7		
	All thicknesses of materials known to have low hygroscopic characteristics	2 ±	1/3		
	The reference thickness of a cable at the midpoint of the strap. thickness of a fixing device shall cross section in the area that inte cable tie or as declared by the ma Figure 1. When the equilibrium m for a material at (23 ± 5) °C an relative humidity is determined the agreed to by the manufacturer a laboratory, the stabilisation time i be reduced when all of the follow are met: a) the product's moistur as-received condition and after ea conditioning is measured using moisture analyzer device; b) th subjected to exposure to a consta not exceeding 50 °C and a relative exceeding 80 %; and c) the product moisture analyzer device. This process is repeated until e determined.	tie is measured The reference be the smallest refaces with the nufacturer. See noisture content d (50 \pm 5) % rough a method and the testing in Table 1 may wing conditions the content in the ach appropriate g a calibrated te samples are ant temperature ve humidity not ct's equilibrium nd (50 \pm 5) % ng a calibrated is verification equilibrium is			Р



EN IEC 62275:2019					
Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict		
	A A Side view				
	Top view				
		IEC 1794/06			
	Key A Reference thickness of cable tie Figure 1 – Reference thickness fo	or cable ties			
	5.3 Unless otherwise specified, the tests shall be carried out at an ambient temperature of (23 ± 5) °C and with a relative humidity of between 40 % and 60 %. 5.4 Unless otherwise specified, three new samples are submitted to the tests and the requirements are satisfied if all the tests are met. If only one of the samples does not satisfy a test due to an assembly or manufacturing fault, that test and any preceding one which may have influenced the results of the test shall be repeated; the tests which follow shall be made in the required sequence on another full set of samples, all of which shall comply with the requirements.		Р		
	5.5 When toxic or hazardous processes are used, due regard shall be taken of the safety of persons within the test area. 5.6 Unless otherwise specified, the cross-head speed of a tensile machine used during the tests shall be $(25 \pm 2,5)$ mm/min. 5.7 Where required for heat ageing, a full draft circulating-air oven as specified in IEC 60216-4-1:2006 shall be used. A portion of the air shall be allowed to re-circulate and a substantial amount of air shall be admitted continuously to maintain the normal air content surrounding the		Р		



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Clause	Requirer	nent-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict	
	samples. The oven shall	be adjusted to achieve			
	more than 5 complete fre	sh-air changes per hour			
	5.8 A fixing device that is in	tagral to a public tip she	.11	Р	
	comply with the require	ments for both the fixir	111 10		
	device and the cable tie	e. The integral assemb	ly		
	shall be classified accord	ling to 6.2.2 or 6.2.3 ar	nd		
	subjected to the conditi	onings for the cable t	ie		
	prior to conducting the	mechanical strength te	st		
	for the fixing device acco	ording to 9.7.	ie		
	dependent on the mo	unting hole size the			
	thickness of the material	sheet to which it is to b			
	mounted, or the mountin	g orientation declared b	ру		
	the manufacturer accordi	ng to 7.3 f), shall comp	ly		
	with all applicable tes	ts when the device	18		
	thickness of each mount	nimum and maximu	m st		
	hole size, and in ea	ing surface, in the large	19		
	orientation declared by the	he manufacturer. When	it		
	can be determined that	t a particular mountir	ng		
	orientation represents the	e most onerous conditio	n,		
	the results of the tests	in that orientation ma	iy		
	5 9	ientations.			
	Unless otherwise specifi	ed, when conducting the	ne		
	tests on cable ties in Cla	ause 9, the samples sha	d1		
	be installed according	to the manufacturer	's		
	which has a diameter Δ	or aluminum manuf	ei If		
	the minimum declared di	ameter of the cable tie	is		
	greater than the diame	ter of the test mandr	el		
	specified in Table 2, the	n a test mandrel that h	as		
	the minimum diamete	r as declared by the	ne		
	manufacturer shall be at leas	t 5 mm greater than the			
	maximum width of the	cable tie as shown	in		
	Figure 2.				
	Table 2 – Test m	andrel diameter			
	Maximum declared diameter	Test mandrel diameter (A)			
	mm	mm			
	≤ 20	9,5 ± 1			
	$>$ 20 and \leq 38	20 ± 2			
	> 38	38 ± 2			
	For the loop tensile stren	ath tasts the mandral		D	
	shall be split in two equa	2	I		
	positioned as shown in F	i pure 2a) Cable ties	3		
	having a narallel entry st				
	the mandrel as shown in	Figure 2b). The excess			
	end (tail) of the cable tie	is permitted to be cut of	ff		
	after assembly, except in	the tests where marking	2		
	is required for the purpos	e of measurement (see			



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Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict			
	9.6). The use of separate steel or aluminum					
	conditioning mandrels is permitted. The					
	conditioning mandrels need not be split but shall					
	have a diameter approximately equivalent to the					
	appropriate test mandrel to allow transfer of the					
	sample to the test mandrel. Conditioned samples					
	shall be carefully transferred to the appropriate					
	test mandrel for carrying out the loop tensile test.					
	Where it has been determined that the transfer of					
	the samples from the conditioning mandrel to a					
	test mandrel has influenced the test results, an					
	additional sample set shall be conditioned and					
	tested.					
	Key 3 1 4 1 5 1 6 1 7 1 8 1 9 1 1 <td< th=""><th>of burrs.</th><th></th></td<>	of burrs.				
	Figure 2a) Typical arrangement for cable tie on split mandrel for tensile test – Right angle	orientation entry strap				



		EN IEC 62275:2019		1
Clause	Requiren	nent-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
	Mandrels shall be made of steel of Care should be taken that the sep Figure 2 –	(2) (3) (4) (4) (5) (7) (d) d) d free of burrs. d free of burrs. d free of burrs. define orientation allel entry strap cable tie orientation	
		on split mandrel for tens	ile test	
6	Classification			Р
	6.1 According to material 6.1.1 Metallic component 6.1.2 Non-metallic compo 6.1.3 Composite compone 6.2 According to loop to ties and mechanical stree 6.2.1 Loop tensile strengt As given in Table 3.	conent ent ensile strength for cable ength for fixing devices h for cable ties		P
	Table 3 – Loop t	ensile strength		
	Loop tensil	e strength		
	50 N	520		
	80	800		
	130	890		
	180	1 150		
	220	1 300		
	360	2 200		
	450			
	6.2.2 Type 1 – Retains a loop tensile strength for c strength for fixing devic 6.2.3 Type 2 – Retains tensile strength for cab	t least 50 % of declared able ties and mechanical ces after test conditions 100 % declared loop le ties and mechanical		P
<u> </u>	strength for fixing device	s after test conditions	<u> </u>	
	6.3 According to tempera	ture 6.3.1 According to		P



	EN IEC 62275:2019					
Clause	R	equirement-Test		Result-Remark	Verdict	
	maximum operating temperature for application					
	given in Table 4					
	Table 4 – Maximum operating temperature for application					
	Temperature °C 50 60					
		°C				
		50				
		60				
		75				
		105				
		120				
		150				
	6.3.2 Accordin	g to minimum	operating		Р	
		phication given in Ta	ure for appli	ation		
	Table 5 – Minimo	in operating temperati	_	cation		
		Temperature °C				
		0	-			
		-5	-			
		-15				
		-25				
		-40				
		-60				
	6.3.3 According installation as dec 6.4 According non-metallic and 6.4.1 Flame propa 6.4.2 Non-flame p 6.5 According to 6.5.1 According for non-metallic 6.5.1.1 Not declar 6.5.2 According metallic and comp 6.5.2.1 Not declar 6.5.2.2 Resistant	to minimum tempera clared by the manufact to contribution to composite cable ties of agating propagating environmental influent to resistance to ultrate and composite of to ultraviolet light to resistance to co posite components red to corrosion	ture during turer o fire for only nces wiolet light components rrosion for		P	
7	Marking and docu	umentation			P	
	7.1 Each cable tie and with the manufact name or trademar Where it is not po small size of a cal on it the identifyin may be marked or	I fixing device shall t turer's or responsible k and identifying syn ossible, for example, o ble tie or fixing devic ng symbol, then this s n the packaging	be marked vendor's abol. lue to the e to mark symbol		P	
	7.2	- no puonugiligi			Р	
	Marking on the ca	able ties or fixing dev	rice shall be			



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Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
	clearly legible and durable.		
	Compliance is checked by inspection and by		
	rubbing the marking by hand for 15 s with a piece		
	of cloth soaked with water and again for 15 s with		
	a piece of cloth soaked with petroleum spirit.		
	engraving is not subjected to this test. After the		
	test the marking shall be legible to normal or		
	corrected vision		
	7.3		Р
	The manufacturer or responsible vendor shall		
	provide in his literature: a) the classification		
	according to Clause 6, b) the maximum and		
	each cable tie, c) the recommended method of		
	installation, including the tool to be used, if any,		
	and the load to be applied, d) recommendations		
	on transport and storage, e) the manufacturer's		
	and f) specific mounting or assembly conditions		
	such as mounting hole sizes, material thicknesses,		
	mounting orientations, etc., for fixing devices		
	according to 5.8.		
8	Construction		Р
	The surface of the cable tie or fixing device shall		Р
	be free from burrs and similar inconsistencies,		
	and edges shall be smooth so as not to damage the		
	cables or to inflict injury to the installer or user.		
	Compliance is checked by inspection.		
9	Mechanical properties		Р
	9.1 Requirements		Р
	The cable tie and/or its associated fixing device		
	shall withstand the stresses likely to occur during		
	installation and application. The cable tie shall: –		
	be capable of fixing the maximum and minimum		
	bundle diameter declared by the manufacturer		
	Compliance is checked by the manufacturer.		
	Compliance is checked by the test according to		
	9.2;		
	- be able to be installed at the minimum		
	temperature declared by the manufacturer.		
	Compliance is checked by the test according to		
	9.3, for cable ties classified according to 6.1.2 and		
	6.1.3 only;		
	- be resistant to the effect of impact forces at		
	the minimum operating temperature declared by		
	the manufacturer.		
	Compliance is checked by the test according to		



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Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict		
	9.4, for cable ties classified according to 6.1.2 and				
	6.1.3 only;				
	- maintain its fixing function at the minimum				
	and maximum application temperature declared				
	by the manufacturer. Metallic cable ties shall				
	maintain their fixing function when exposed to				
	vibration.				
	Compliance is checked by the relevant tests. For				
	cable ties classified according to 6.2.2, by the				
	tests according to 9.5. For cable ties classified				
	according to 6.2.3, by the tests according to 9.6.				
	Cable ties classified according to 6.1.1 are				
	considered only as Type 2 according to 6.2.3.				
	The fixing device shall maintain its fixing				
	function at the minimum and maximum				
	application temperature as declared by the				
	manufacturer.				
	Compliance is determined by the tests according				
	to 9.7.				
	9.2 Installation test		Р		
	The sample shall be installed on a mandrel				
	representing the maximum specified diameter or				
	size and the minimum specified diameter or size				
	to determine that it is able to be installed in the				
	intended manner, as specified by the				
	manufacturer. Moisture stabilisation according to				
	5.2 is not applicable for this test.				
	9.3 Minimum installation temperature test for		Р		
	cable ties				
	If the manufacturer gives no recommendation that				
	the cable tie should be installed immediately after				
	unpacking, in order to keep its humidity level,				
	non-metallic and composite cable ties shall be				
	dried out for (72 \pm 1) h at the maximum				
	operating temperature declared by the				
	manufacturer before the following test is carried				
	out: The sample and a steel or aluminium				
	mandrel, which reflects the minimum bundle				
	diameter, shall be placed separately in a				
	refrigerator, the temperature in which shall be				
	maintained at the declared minimum temperature				
	for installation with a tolerance of $+ 2 ^{\circ}C$.				
	manufacturer. Moisture stabilisation according to 5.2 is not applicable for this test. 9.3 Minimum installation temperature test for cable ties If the manufacturer gives no recommendation that the cable tie should be installed immediately after unpacking, in order to keep its humidity level, non-metallic and composite cable ties shall be dried out for (72 ± 1) h at the maximum operating temperature declared by the manufacturer before the following test is carried out: The sample and a steel or aluminium mandrel, which reflects the minimum bundle diameter, shall be placed separately in a refrigerator, the temperature in which shall be maintained at the declared minimum temperature for installation with a tolerance of ± 2 °C.		Р		



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Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
	When the sample has attained this temperature or		
	after 2 h, whichever is the longer period, the		
	sample is installed on the mandrel. After the test,		
	there shall be no sign of disintegration nor shall		
	there be any crack visible to normal or corrected		
	vision.		
	9.4 Minimum operating temperature test for cable		Р
	ties		
	The test mandrel as specified in 5.9 with the		
	sample installed shall be placed in a refrigerator		
	the temperature within which shall be maintained		
	at the declared temperature according to Table 5		
	with a tolerance of ± 2 °C. Two hours after the		
	refrigerator has recovered to the declared		
	temperature, the sample is removed from the		
	refrigerator and placed on a V block as shown in		
	Figure 3, with the locking device of the tie placed		
	opposite to the point of impact. Moisture		
	stabilisation according to 5.2 after removal from		
	the refrigerator is not applicable. An impact shall		
	be applied on the strap by a free fall hammer (12		
	\pm 2) s after removal of the test assembly from		
	the refrigerator. Compliance with impact applied		
	before 10 s also complies with this test of the		
	standard. A typical apparatus is shown in Figure		
	3. The energy of the hammer shall be as given in		
	Table 6. The sample shall be deemed to have		
	passed the test if, after the test, it has not broken		
	open, nor shall there be any crack visible to		
	normal or corrected vision.		



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Clause	Requiremen	nt-Test			Re	sult-Rer	nark	Verdict
Clause	Requirement Image: colspan="2">Image: colspan="2">Image: colspan="2">Image: colspan="2">Image: colspan="2" Image: colspan="2" Image: colspan="2" Image: colspan="2" Image: colspan="2" Image: colspan="2">Image: colspan="2" Image: colspan="2" Image: colspan="2" Image: colspan="2" Image: colspan="2" Image: colspan="2" Image:	(1) (2) (4) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	9 Key 1 Guide ra 2 Height s 3 Frame 4 Hamme 5 Hamme 6 Rigid ba 7 Impact of 8 Postian 9 Postian 9 Postian 10 Hamme	Dimension Pigure 3c) Position Figure 3c) Position	sions in millimetre	suit-Rei	nark	Verdict
	with the V block.							
	Figure 3 – Test ap	oparatus fo	r cable tie in	ipact test				
	Tal	ble 6 – En	ergy value	s of ham	ner			
	Minimum declared loop tensile strength N	≤ 80	> 80 to 180	> 180 to 230	> 230 to 540	> 540 to 1 300	> 1 300	
	Energy J	0,14	0,35	0,7	1	2	5	
	Equivalent mass kg	0,25	0,25	0,25	0,25	0,5	1,7	
	Height of fall mm ± 1 %	56	140	280	400	400	300	
	95 Loop tensile strength	test f	or cabl	ties				D
	aloogified according to COO	iest I	or cable					ſ
	classified according to 6.2.2							
	9.5.1 As-received condition							
	The test is carried out on a	new se	et of ten	cable				
	ties. Each sample shall be	e instal	led on a	a test				
				1				



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Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
	mandrel as specified in 5.9. Each sample shall be		
	subjected to a tensile pull. The maximum force is		
	measured. No individual value shall be less than		
	the loop tensile strength declared according to		
	6.2.		
	9.5.2 After heat ageing		Р
	The test is carried out on a new set of ten cable		
	ties. Each sample shall be installed on a test		
	mandrel as specified in 5.9. Moisture stabilisation		
	according to 5.2 before heat ageing is not		
	applicable for this test. The samples shall be aged		
	in a full draft circulating-air oven with forced air		
	at the maximum declared temperature according		
	to Table 4 increased by (15 \pm 1) °C for		
	(4800001+) h. Then the samples and the mandrels		
	shall be conditioned according to 5.2. Each		
	sample shall be subjected to a tensile pull. The		
	maximum force is measured. No individual		
	value shall be less than 50 % of the loop tensile		
	strength declared according to 6.2		
	9.5.3 After temperature cycling		Р
	The test is carried out on a set of ten new		
	samples. The sample shall be installed on a test		
	mandrel as specified in 5.9. Moisture stabilisation		
	according to 5.2 before temperature cycling is not		
	applicable for this test. The test assembly is		
	subjected to the following temperature cycling		
	with transfer between each condition described in		
	list items a) to f), of 4 min to 5 min duration: a)		
	for 120 min to 130 min, the assembly is stored in		
	a full draft circulating-air oven at the maximum		
	operating temperature as declared by the		
	manufacturer according to Table 4 with a		
	tolerance of 20+ °C; b) for 60 min to 70 min, the		
	assembly is then be placed in a refrigerator at the		
	minimum temperature for application in normal		
	use as declared by the manufacturer according to		
	Table 5 with a tolerance of 02+ $^{\circ}$ C; c) condition		
	a) is repeated;		
	9.6 Loop tensile strength test for cable ties		Р
	classified according to 6.2.3 9.6.1 As-received		
	condition		



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Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
	The test is carried out on a new set of ten cable		
	ties. Each sample shall be installed on a test		
	mandrel as specified in 5.9. Each sample shall be		
	subjected to a tensile pull until the load equivalent		
	to the loop tensile strength declared by the		
	manufacturer is reached. This load is maintained		
	for (5060+) s. Excessive slippage measurements		
	shall be determined by marking each tie across its		
	width 1,6 mm beyond where the strap exits the		
	locking device. A second mark is then to be		
	placed 5,6 mm beyond the first mark for cable		
	ties subjected to a load of 450 N or less, or 7,9		
	mm beyond the first mark for cable ties subjected		
	to a load greater than 450 N. After the tie has		
	withstood its test load for 1 min and the first mark		
	is still visible, the test shall be terminated. When		
	the slippage is more than 1.6 mm, the tie shall be		
	tested for an additional 5 min. If the second mark		
	moves out of sight within 5 min, the slippage is		
	deemed excessive. The cable tie shall not break		
	and excessive slippage shall not occur as a result		
	of the test.		
	9.6.2 After heat ageing		Р
	The test is carried out on a new set of ten cable		
	ties. Each sample shall be installed on a test		
	mandrel as specified in 5.9. Moisture stabilisation		
	according to 5.2 before heat ageing is not		
	applicable for this test. The samples shall be aged		
	in a full draft circulating-air oven with forced air		
	at the maximum declared temperature according		
	to Table 4 increased by (15 ± 1) °C for		
	(4800001+) h. Then the samples and the mandrels		
	shall be conditioned according to 5.2 Each		
	sample shall be subjected to a tensile pull until		
	the load equivalent to the loop tensile strength		
	declared by the manufacturer is reached. This		
	load is maintained for $(5060+)$ s. The samples		
	shall be deemed to have passed the test if the		
	samples perform according to the requirements in		
	9 6 1		
	9.6.3 After temperature excling		Þ
	The test is carried out on a new set of ten cable		1
	The test is carried out on a new set of ten cable		



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Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
	ties. The sample shall be installed on a test		
	mandrel as specified in 5.9. Samples shall be		
	stabilised by being exposed to a temperature of		
	(23 \pm 2) °C and (50 \pm 5) % relative humidity		
	between each phase of the cycle for at least		
	1/2 h. Moisture stabilisation according to 5.2		
	before temperature cycling is not applicable for		
	this test. The test assembly is subjected to the		
	following cycling. a) The samples shall be placed		
	in a full-draft circulating-air oven at the declared		
	maximum operating temperature of the device for		
	48 h. b) The samples shall then be placed in a		
	chamber at (90 \pm 5) % relative humidity and		
	(40 \pm 2) °C for 48 h. c) The samples shall then		
	be placed in a cold chamber at (-35 \pm 2) °C for		
	8 h. d) The samples shall then be placed in a		
	full-draft circulating-air oven, at the declared		
	maximum operating temperature for 64 h. e)		
	The test assembly consisting of non-metallic and		
	composite components shall be conditioned		
	according to 5.2. After the cycling, there shall be		
	no sign of disintegration nor shall there be any		
	crack visible to normal or corrected vision. Each		
	sample shall be subjected to a tensile pull until		
	the load equivalent to the loop tensile strength		
	declared by the manufacturer is reached. This		
	load is maintained for (5060+) s. The samples		
	shall be deemed to have passed the test if the		
	samples perform according to the requirements in		
	9.6.1.		
	9.6.4 After vibration test for metallic cable ties		Р
	A minimum of two cable ties shall be installed		
	around separate mandrels as described in 5.9.		
	Each tie then shall be marked across its width		
	adjacent to the strap's entry into the locking		
	device. The ties then shall be subjected to the		
	temperature cycle conditioning in accordance		
	with 9.6.3 but not the loop tensile strength test.		
	Upon completion of this conditioning, the		
	mandrels shall be securely mounted to the		
	vibration table such that the direction of the		
	vibration is parallel to the plane of the circular		



	EN IEC 62275:2019		-
Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
	configuration of the assembled tie. See Figure 4.		
	The mandrels then shall be subjected to the		
	following vibration test in accordance with IEC		
	60068-2-6:		
	-		
	frequency range: 10 Hz to 150 Hz, logarithmic		
	ramp and return;		
	-		
	duration 8 h: 10 sweep cycles, 1 octave/min;		
	-		
	maximum peak amplitude: 0,35 mm (0,7 mm		
	from peak to peak);		
	-		
	maximum acceleration: 50 m/s2;		
	-		
	crossover frequency between 58 Hz and 62 Hz.		
	Each sample shall be subjected to a tensile pull		
	until the load equivalent to the loop tensile		
	strength declared by the manufacturer is reached.		
	This load is maintained for (5060+) s. The		
	samples shall be deemed to have passed the test if		
	the samples perform according to the		
	requirements in 9.6.1 including the measurement		
	of the slippage from the original reference mark.		



	EN IEC 62275:2019		
Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
		Ð	
		B	
		\mathbb{D}	
	Key A Mounting bracket B Split mandrel C Direction of vibration D Reference line scribed on strap E Vibration table Figure 4 – Typical arrangement for the y	/ibration test	
	9.7 Mechanical strength test for fixing devices 9.7.1 As-received The samples shall be fixed firmly to a rigid support. An appropriate cable tie shall be assembled to the fixing device and then to a steel or aluminium mandrel according to 5.9. Typical arrangements of the test assembly for fixing devices are shown in Figure 5. See 5.8. For a fixing device that is integrally moulded with a cable tie or supplied separately and classified according to 6.2.2, each sample shall be subjected to a tensile pull. The maximum force is measured.		Р



Clause Requirement-Test Result-Remark Verdic mechanical strength. For a fixing device that is integrally moulded with a cable tie or supplied separately and classified according to 6.2.3, the samples shall be subjected to a tensile pull until the mechanical strength declared by the manufacturer is reached. This load is maintained for (5060+) s. After the test, the fixing device or cable tie shall show no sign of disintegration nor shall there be any crack visible to normal or corrected vision. The support structure is not to be considered. Image: Classified according to 6.2.3, the manufacturer is reached. This load is maintained for (5060+) s. After the test, the fixing device or cable tie shall show no sign of disintegration nor shall there be any crack visible to normal or corrected vision. The support structure is not to be considered. Image: Classified according to 6.2.3, the manufacturer is reached. This load is maintained for (5060+) s. After the test, the fixing device or cable tie shall show no sign of disintegration nor shall there be any crack visible to normal or corrected vision. The support structure is not to be considered. Image: Classified according to 6.2.3, the classified according to 6.2.
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separately and classified according to 6.2.3, the samples shall be subjected to a tensile pull until the mechanical strength declared by the manufacturer is reached. This load is maintained for (5060+) s. After the test, the fixing device or cable tie shall show no sign of disintegration nor shall there be any crack visible to normal or corrected vision. The support structure is not to be considered.
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cable tie shall show no sign of disintegration nor shall there be any crack visible to normal or corrected vision. The support structure is not to be considered.
shall there be any crack visible to normal or corrected vision. The support structure is not to be considered.
corrected vision. The support structure is not to be considered.
be considered.
(5) W (5) IEC 2833/13
Кеу
1 Cable tie 2 Locking device
3 Mandrel
4 Fixing device 5 Rigid support
A Diameter of test mandrel
B Width of test mandrel
Figure 5 – Typical arrangement of test assembly for fixing device test



	EN IEC 62275:2019			
Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict	
	9.7.2 After heat ageing		Р	
	The test is conducted on a new set of samples. An			
	appropriate cable tie shall be assembled to the			
	fixing device and then to a steel or aluminium			
	mandrel according to 5.9. Moisture stabilisation			
	according to 5.2 before heat ageing is not			
	applicable for this test. The assembly shall be			
	aged in a full draft circulating-air oven at the			
	maximum declared temperature according to			
	Table 4 increased by (15 \pm 1) °C for			
	(4800001+) h. Then the assembly shall be			
	conditioned according to 5.2. For a fixing device			
	that is integrally moulded with a cable tie or			
	supplied separately and classified according to			
	6.2.2, each sample shall be subjected to a tensile			
	pull. No individual value shall be less than 50			
	% of the declared mechanical strength. For a			
	fixing device that is integrally moulded with a			
	cable tie or supplied separately and classified			
	according to 6.2.3, the samples shall be subjected			
	to a tensile pull until the mechanical strength			
	declared by the manufacturer is reached. This			
	load is maintained for (5060+) s. After the test,			
	the fixing device or cable tie shall show no sign			
	of disintegration nor shall there be any crack			
	visible to normal or corrected vision. The support			
	structure is not to be considered.			
	9.7.3 After temperature cycling		Р	
	The test is conducted on a new set of samples. An			
	appropriate cable tie shall be assembled to the			
	fixing device and then to a steel or aluminium			
	mandrel according to 5.9. Moisture stabilisation			
	according to 5.2 before temperature cycling is not			
	applicable for this test. The test assembly is			
	subjected to the temperature cycling as specified			
	in 9.5.3. For a fixing device that is integrally			
	moulded with a cable tie or supplied separately			
	and classified according to 6.2.2, each sample			
	shall be subjected to a tensile pull. No			
	individual value shall be less than 50 % of the			
	declared mechanical strength. For a fixing device			
	that is integrally moulded with a cable tie or			



	EN IEC 62275:2019		
Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
	supplied separately and classified according to		
	6.2.3, the samples shall be subjected to a tensile		
	pull until the mechanical strength declared by the		
	manufacturer is reached. This load is maintained		
	for (5060+) s. After the test, the fixing device or		
	cable tie shall show no sign of disintegration nor		
	shall there be any crack visible to normal or		
	corrected vision. The support structure is not to		
	be considered.		
10	Contribution to fire		Р
	Non-metallic and composite cable ties classified		Р
	according to 6.4.2 shall have adequate resistance		
	to flame propagation.		
	Compliance is checked by the following test:		
	The sample shall be installed on a solid steel or		
	aluminium mandrel with dimensions as specified		
	in 5.9. The cable tie shall be mounted manually		
	without tension. Then, the remaining end of the		
	tie shall be cut away. Using an arrangement as		
	shown in Figure 6, the sample shall be submitted		
	to the needle flame test as specified in IEC		
	60695-11-5:2004, with the following additional		
	information:		
	-		
	the flame shall be applied to the face of the		
	sample for a maximum of 30 s or until such time		
	as the sample has separated from the mandrel.		
	-		
	the underlying layer shall consist of three layers		
	of tissue paper of dimensions such that product		
	material or broken product falls on it while		
	testing The sample shall be deemed to have		
	nassed the test if:		
	30 s after the test flame is removed there is no		
	flaming of the sample, and		
	there is no ignition of the tissue paper. For a		
	metallia apple tia baving a non metallia appting		
	and aloosified as non-flows measured		
	and classified as non-flame propagating		
	according to 6.4.2, samples having a combination		
	of the minimum coating thickness and minimum		



	EN IEC 62275:2019		
Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
	metal thickness, and samples having a		
	combination of the maximum coating thickness		
	and minimum metal thickness shall be tested.		
	Key 1 1 2 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 <tr td=""></tr>	Dimensions in millimeters	
11	Environmental influences		P
	11.1 Resistance to ultraviolet light 11.1.1		Р
	Cable ties and fixing devices classified according		
	to 6.5.1.2 shall be resistant to ultraviolet light.		
	Compliance is checked by the following. For		
	cable ties and fixing devices classified according		
	mandrel according to 50 shall be subjected to		
	ultraviolet light conditioning according to 11.1.2		
	When the product is provided in more than one		
1	require product is provided in more than one		



	EN IEC 62275:2019		
Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
	colour, the colour having the heaviest organic		
	pigment loading shall be subjected to this testing.		
	All sets tested are considered representative of the		
	material's entire colour range.		
	Moisture stabilisation according to 5.2 before		
	ultraviolet light exposure is not applicable for this		
	test. Samples shall be mounted on the inside of		
	the ultraviolet light apparatus so that the samples		
	do not touch each other. Mandrels for cable ties		
	shall be positioned in such a way that the cable tie		
	locking device is placed in the position facing the		
	light source. Mandrels to which a fixing device is		
	mounted shall be positioned in such a way that		
	the fixation surface for the cable tie is		
	perpendicular to the light source. If the fixing		
	device, cable tie and mandrel assembly is not able		
	to be mounted as described in the ultraviolet light		
	apparatus, the fixing device is permitted to be		
	separately exposed. After exposure, the samples		
	shall be able to be assembled for conducting the		
	test. After the first 250 h of exposure, and after		
	each subsequent 250 h exposure period, the		
	specimens are to be repositioned in the equipment		
	in order to compensate for exposure variability		
	due to placement with respect to the light source.		
	Repositioning at 200 h intervals is acceptable. See		
	Figure 7 for recommended rotation. Some		
	flexibility in practice is needed due to variations		
	in the samples under test.		
	11.1.2		Р
	The samples are to be exposed for 1 000 h to		
	xenon-arc, method A, cycle 1 in accordance with		
	ISO 4892-2:2006. There shall be continuous		
	exposure to light and intermittent exposure to		
	water spray. The cycle shall consist of 102 min		
	without water spray and 18 min with water spray.		
	The apparatus shall operate with a water-cooled		
	or air-cooled xenon-arc lamp, borosilicate glass		
	inner and outer optical filters, a spectral		
	irradiance of 0,51W/(m2 • nm) at 340 nm and a		
	blackpanel temperature of (65 \pm 3) °C. The		
	temperature of the chamber shall be (45 ± 3)		



	EN IEC 62275:2019		1
Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
	°C. The relative humidity in the chamber shall be		
	(50 ± 5) %.		
	11.1.3		Р
	Ultraviolet light conditioning is not required for a		
	metallic cable tie or fixing device or for a metallic		
	cable tie having a non-metallic coating when the		
	non-coated version complies with the		
	requirements in 11.2.		
	11.1.4		Р
	Following the exposure in 11.1.2 and stabilisation		
	for a period according to 5.2, the following		
	applies. Each sample of a cable tie, a fixing		
	device that is integrally moulded with a cable tie,		
	or a fixing device supplied separately and		
	classified according to 6.2.2, shall be subjected to		
	a tensile pull. No individual value shall be less		
	than 50 % of the loop tensile strength declared		
	according to 6.2 or the declared mechanical		
	strength for a fixing device.		
	Each sample of a cable tie, a fixing device that is		
	integrally moulded with a cable tie, or a fixing		
	device supplied separately and classified		
	according to 6.2.3, shall be subjected to a tensile		
	pull until the load equivalent to the loop tensile		
	strength for a cable tie or mechanical strength for		
	a fixing device declared by the manufacturer is		
	reached. This load is maintained for (5060+) s.		
	The samples shall be deemed to have passed the		
	test if the samples perform according to the		
	requirements in 9.6.1. After the test, there shall be		
	no sign of disintegration nor shall there be any		
	crack visible to normal or corrected vision. Each		
	sample of a fixing device shall be subjected to a		
	tensile pull until the mechanical strength declared		
	by the manufacturer is reached. This load is		
	maintained for (5060+) s. After the test, there		
	shall be no sign of disintegration nor shall there		
	be any crack visible to normal or corrected vision.		



	EN IEC 6227	75:2019		
Clause	Requirement-Test	Resu	lt-Remark	Verdict
	4	2 3 4		
			IEC 2834/13	
	Representative quadrants on flat panel.			
	Arrows represent relative position and direction of sample pla	acement, and rotation sequence	,	
	Figure 7a) Static flat	panel apparatus		
		HEC 2835/13		
	Interior view of sample mounting panels of typical rotating cylind	ler facing light source A.		
	Arrows represent relative position and direction of sample place	ment, and rotation sequence.	ull duration of the	
	exposure.	main constant throughout the t	in duration of the	
	Figure 7b) Cylinder-typ	e apparatus		
	Figure 7 – Recommended sa for ultraviolet light and v	mple repositioning vater exposure		
	11.2 Resistance to corrosion Cable ties and fixing devices classif resistant to corrosion according to 6.5.2. have adequate resistance to corrosion. Compliance is checked by the followir Moisture stabilisation according to 5.2 bef spray exposure is not applicable for th	ied as 2 shall ng test: fore salt is test.		P
	Samples shall be exposed to a neutral sal (NSS) in accordance with ISO 9227 for followed by 12 h at (40 \pm 2) °C. Sam non-metallic coated devices shall be subject heat age conditioning in accordance with 9.6.2 or 9.7.2 as appropriate before expo	It spray 192 h ples of ected to n 9.5.2, osure to		



	EN IEC 62275:2019				
Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict		
	the salt spray. The samples shall then be rinsed in				
	demineralised water. Metallic cable ties and				
	fixing devices shall be dried. Composite cable ties				
	and fixing devices shall be stabilised according to				
	5.2. After the test, the samples shall show no				
	cracks visible to normal or corrected vision. Any				
	traces of rust on sharp edges and a yellowish film				
	may be removed by rubbing. There shall be no				
	red rust visible to normal or corrected vision.				
	Each sample of a composite cable tie classified				
	according to 6.2.2 (Type 1), shall be subjected to				
	the tensile pull according to 9.5.1. No individual				
	value shall be less than 50 % of the loop tensile				
	strength declared according to 6.2. Each sample				
	of a metallic or composite cable tie classified				
	according to 6.2.3 (Type 2), shall be subjected to				
	the tensile pull according to 9.6.1 until the load				
	equivalent to the loop tensile strength declared by				
	the manufacturer is reached. This load shall be				
	maintained for (5060+) s. The samples shall be				
	deemed to have passed the test if the samples				
	perform according to the requirements in 9.6.1.				
	Each sample of a fixing device shall be subjected				
	to the tensile pull according to 9.7.1. After the				
	test, there shall be no sign of disintegration of a				
	fixing device or any crack visible to normal or				
	corrected vision.				
	Testing of products constructed of stainless steel				
	having a chromium content of 16 % or more is				
	not required. A metallic cable tie having a				
	non-metallic coating that is depended upon to				
	provide resistance to corrosion, and that is				
	declared as having resistance to ultraviolet light,				
	shall be subjected to the conditioning in 11.1				
	followed by the appropriate requirements in 11.2				
	for metallic cable ties. The requirements in 11.2				
	are not applicable for a metallic cable tie with a				
	non-metallic coating when the uncoated version				
	has been determined to meet the requirements in				
	11.2.				
12	Electromagnetic compatibility		Р		
	Products covered by this standard are, in normal		Р		



EN IEC 62275:2019				
Clause	Requirement-Test	Result-Remark	Verdict	
	use, passive with respect to electromagnetic			
	influences (emission and immunity). Therefore no			
	tests have been specified.			



Annex: Technical Information

(1) Product Photos



A.1





A.2